

Submodularity beyond submodular energies: Coupling edges in graph cuts

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MAX-PLANCK-GESELLSCHAFT

Max Planck Institute
for Intelligent Systems

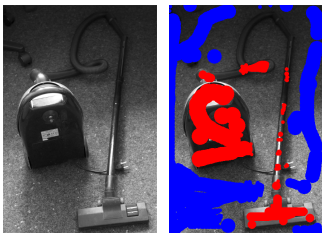
Tübingen, Germany



University of Washington

Seattle, USA

local pairwise random fields ...





Random Walker



Curvature reg.



Graph Cut



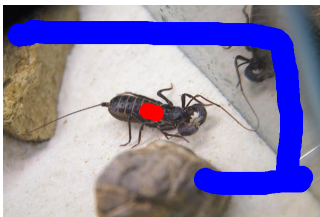
Random Walker



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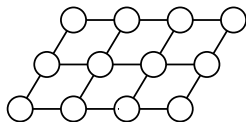
Graph Cut



Markov Random Fields and Energies

$$p(\mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{z}) \propto \exp(-E_{\Psi}(\mathbf{x}; \mathbf{z}))$$

$$\text{MAP } \mathbf{x}^* = \arg \min_{\mathbf{x}} E_{\Psi}(\mathbf{x}; \mathbf{z})$$

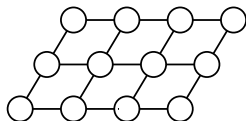


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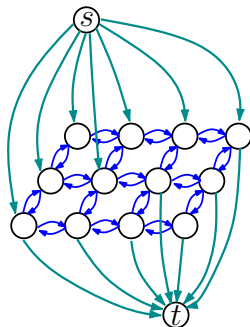
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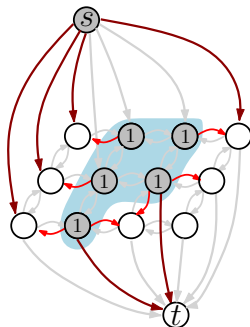
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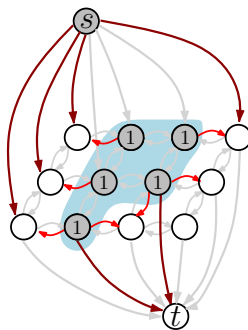
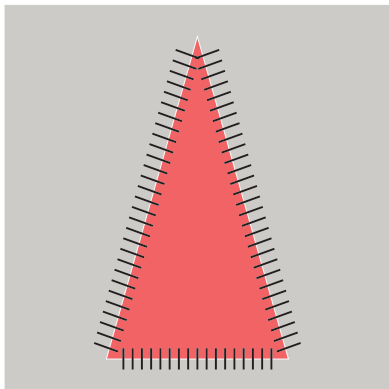
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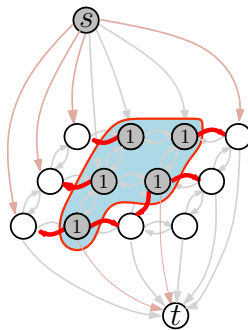
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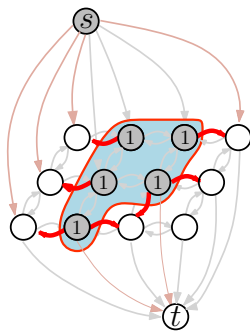
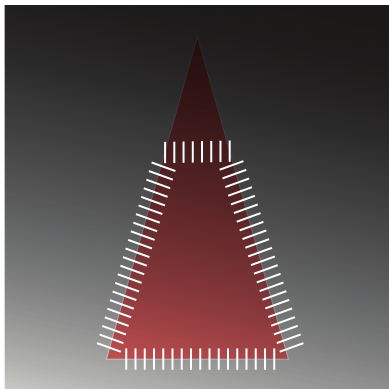
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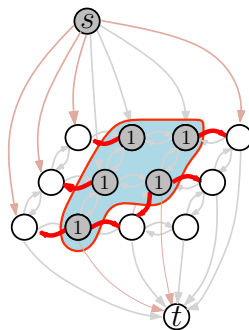
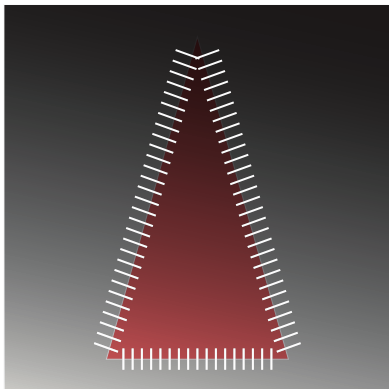
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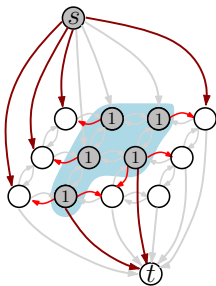






Couple edges
globally

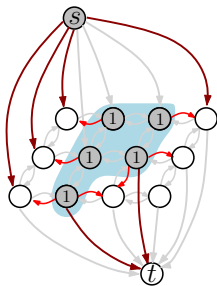
Richer Cuts: Cooperative Cuts



$$E(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{e \in \Gamma \mathbf{x}} w(e)$$

$$= w(\Gamma \mathbf{x})$$

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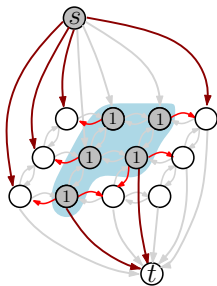
$$= w(\Gamma \mathbf{x})$$



$$E_f(\mathbf{x}) = f(\Gamma \mathbf{x})$$

submodular function
on edges

Richer Cuts: Cooperative Cuts



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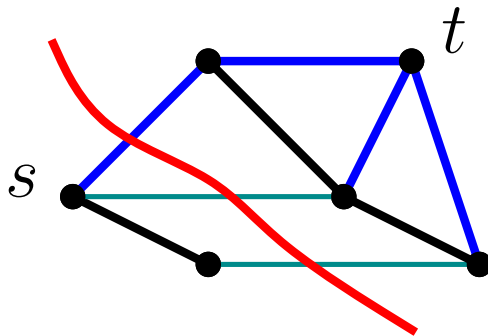


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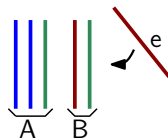
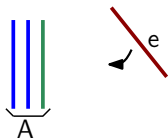
submodular function
on edges

non-submodular &
global energy

Coupling via Submodularity

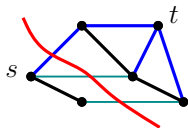


Coupling via Submodularity

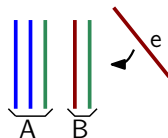
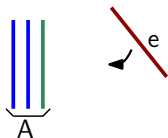


$$f(A \cup e) - f(A) \geq f(A \cup B \cup e) - f(A \cup B)$$

- Graph Cuts: LHS = RHS
“it does not matter which other edges are cut”

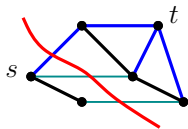


Coupling via Submodularity



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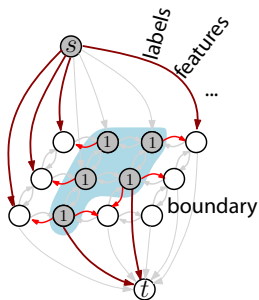
- Graph Cuts: LHS = RHS
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submodularity:

- reward **co-occurrence**
- structure**

Generality



Special cases of cooperative cuts:

- (robust) P^n potentials (Kohli et al. '07,'09)
- label costs (DeLong et al. '11)
- discrete versions of norm-based cuts (Sinop & Grady '07)
- ...

Optimization?

Optimization?

(s, t) -cut $\Gamma \subseteq \mathcal{E}$ with min cost $f(\Gamma)$.

Theorem

Minimum Cooperative Cut is NP-hard.

Optimization

$\Gamma_0 = \emptyset;$

repeat

 compute upper bound $\hat{f}_i \geq f$ based on $\Gamma_{i-1};$

until *convergence* ;

$$\hat{f}_i(\Gamma_{i-1}) = f(\Gamma_{i-1})$$

Optimization

```
 $\Gamma_0 = \emptyset;$   
repeat  
  compute upper bound  $\hat{f}_i \geq f$  based on  $\Gamma_{i-1};$   
   $\Gamma_i \in \operatorname{argmin}\{ \hat{f}_i(\Gamma) \mid \Gamma \text{ a cut } \};$     // Min-cut!  
   $i = i + 1;$   
until convergence ;
```

$$\hat{f}_i(\Gamma_{i-1}) = f(\Gamma_{i-1})$$

Optimization

```

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```

Worst-case **approximation bound**:

$$E_f(\mathbf{x}) \leq \frac{|\Gamma^*|}{1+(|\Gamma^*|-1)\nu} E_f(\mathbf{x}^*) \quad \text{for } \nu = \frac{\min_{e \in \Gamma^*} \rho_e(\mathcal{E} \setminus e)}{\max_{e \in C^*} f(e)}$$

Image Segmentation



Random Walker



Curvature reg.



Graph Cut

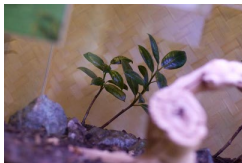


Image Segmentation



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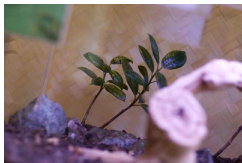


Curvature reg.

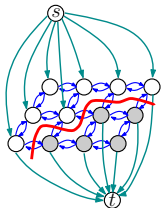


Graph Cut

prefer **congruous** boundaries



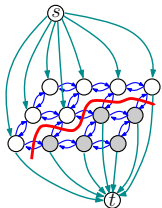
Selective Discount for Congruous Boundaries



$$E_w(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{e \in \Gamma \cap \mathcal{E}_t} w_e \quad + \lambda \sum_{e \in \Gamma \cap \mathcal{E}_n} w_e$$

$$E_f(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{e \in \Gamma \cap \mathcal{E}_t} w_e \quad + \lambda \boxed{f(\Gamma \cap \mathcal{E}_n)}$$

Selective Discount for Congruous Boundaries

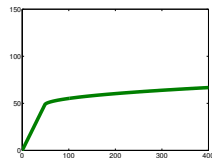


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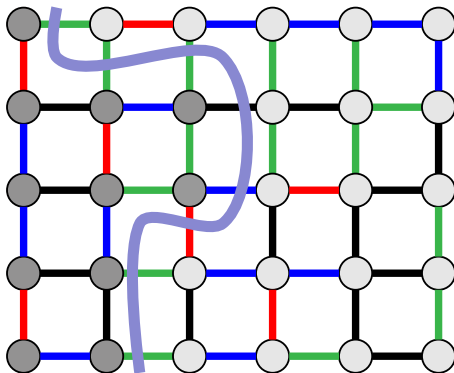
$$E_f(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{e \in \Gamma \cap \mathcal{E}_t} w_e \quad + \lambda \boxed{f(\Gamma \cap \mathcal{E}_n)}$$

- discount for co-occurring similar edges
- no discount for dissimilar edges

A 5x5 grid graph with nodes colored gray or white and edges colored red, blue, or green. A thick green path is highlighted, starting from the top-left and ending at the bottom-right.

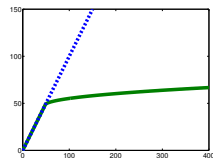
$$f(\Gamma) = \sum_i f_i(\Gamma \cap S_i)$$


Structured Discounts



groups S_i of edges

$$f(\Gamma) = \sum_i f_i(\Gamma \cap S_i)$$



Some Results: Shading



Graph Cut
7.39%



CoopCut
2.23%



7.65%



3.50%



Some Results: Shading

		gray	color	high-freq
Graph Cut:	no discount	14.03	3.41	2.56
CoopCut (1 group):	discount	11.58	2.95	1.49
CoopCut (15 groups):	structured discount	3.63	1.69	1.27



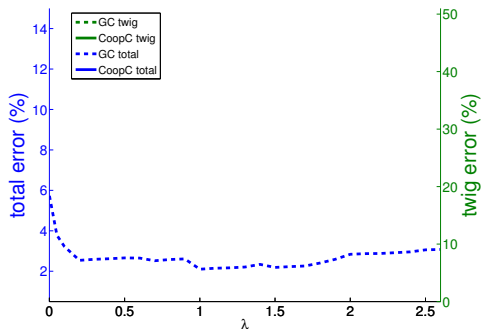
Graph Cut
5.08%



CoopCut
0.64%



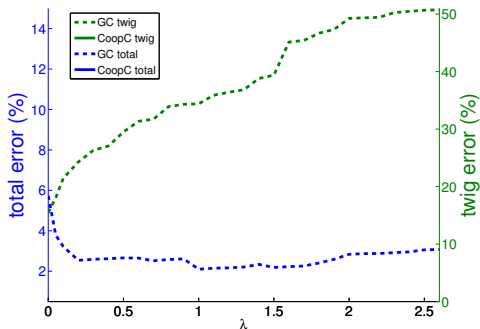
Shrinking bias



$$\sum_i \psi_i(x_i) + \lambda \sum_{e \in \Gamma x} w_e$$

Graph Cut

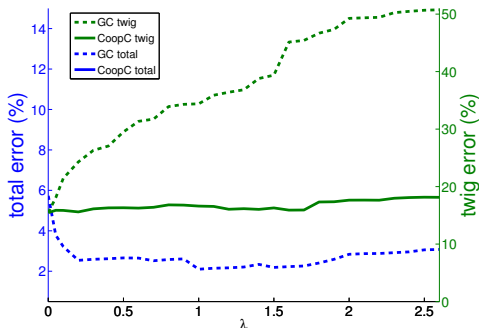
Shrinking bias



Graph Cut

$$\sum_i \psi_i(x_i) + \lambda \sum_{e \in \Gamma \mathbf{x}} w_e$$

Shrinking bias



$$\sum_i \psi_i(x_i) + \lambda f(\Gamma \mathbf{x})$$

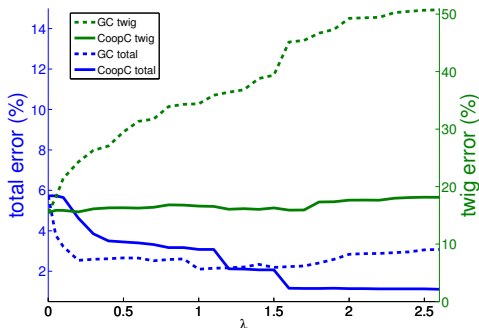
CoopCut



Graph Cut



Shrinking bias



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CoopCut



Graph Cut



Summary: Coupling Edges in Graph Cuts

- global, non-submodular family of energies
- NP-hard, but ...
 - graph structure
 - indirect submodularity→ efficient approximation algorithm
- applications
 - guide segmentations via edge coupling